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# Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund

## Supplement Dated July 8, 2026, to the Prospectus and Summary Prospectus Dated February 27, 2026

### Important Changes to Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund (the "Fund")

Effective today, Peter C. Fisher is no longer a portfolio manager of the Fund, and Timothy J. Casaletto and G. Thomas Levering have been added as co-portfolio managers of the Fund.

The Fund's investment objectives, strategies, and policies remain unchanged.

### Prospectus and Summary Prospectus Text Changes

All references to Mr. Fisher are hereby removed.

The following is added under the heading "Investment Advisor" in the **Fund Summary** section:

Timothy J. Casaletto, CFA, Managing Director and Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has co-managed the Fund since July 2026.

G. Thomas Levering, Senior Managing Director, Global Industry Analyst, and Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has co-managed the Fund since July 2026.

The following is added under the heading "Investment Advisor" in the **More on the Fund** section:

**Timothy J. Casaletto,** CFA, Managing Director and Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has worked in investment management since 2011, has managed investment portfolios for Wellington Management since 2023, and has co-managed the Fund since July 2026. Education: B.S., University of Massachusetts Lowell.

**G. Thomas Levering,** Senior Managing Director, Global Industry Analyst, and Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has managed investment portfolios for Wellington Management since 2001 and has co-managed the Fund since July 2026. Education: A.B., Harvard University; M.B.A., The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

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# Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund

## Supplement Dated June 22, 2026, to the Prospectus and Summary Prospectus

### Important Changes to the Fund

The board of trustees of Vanguard Whitehall Funds has approved amending the investment strategy for Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund (the "Fund") effective on or about June 22, 2026. The investment objective of the Fund remains unchanged.

### Prospectus and Summary Prospectus Text Changes

The following replaces the language under the "Principal Investment Strategies" heading in the **Fund Summary** section:

The Fund employs an active management approach, investing primarily in stocks that tend to offer current dividends. The Fund focuses on high-quality companies that have prospects for long-term total returns as a result of their ability to grow earnings and their willingness to increase dividends over time. These securities typically (but not always) will be large-cap, undervalued relative to the market, and will show potential for increasing dividends. The Fund seeks to invest broadly across industry sectors. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in dividend growth stocks. For purposes of the 80% policy, a dividend growth stock is a stock that has paid a dividend within the past five years.

The Fund is considered nondiversified, as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which means that it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of particular issuers as compared with diversified funds.

### Prospectus Text Changes

The following replaces the second paragraph in the **More on the Fund** section under the "Implementation of Investment Objective" heading:

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in dividend growth stocks. For purposes of the 80% policy, a dividend growth stock is a stock that has paid a dividend within the past five years. Investments in derivatives may

be counted toward the Fund's 80% policy to the extent that they provide investment exposure to the investments included within the policy or to one or more market risk factors associated with such securities. The Fund may change its 80% policy only upon 60 days' notice to shareholders.

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# Vanguard Funds

## Prospectus Supplement Dated May 20, 2026

### Important Changes to Vanguard's Frequent Trading Policy

Each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds) limits frequent trading. The Boards of Trustees of the Vanguard Funds have approved certain changes to Vanguard's Frequent Trading Policy.

**Prospectus Text Changes**
Under the *Frequent Trading Limitations* section, the following paragraphs replace the "Accounts Held by Intermediaries" subsection:

**Accounts Held by Intermediaries.** When intermediaries establish accounts in Vanguard funds for the benefit of their clients, we cannot always monitor the trading activity of the individual clients. Vanguard requires intermediaries to apply Vanguard's Frequent Trading Policy (described above) or their own frequent trading policy (if approved by Vanguard). Omnibus accounts at financial intermediaries include multiple investors, therefore, individual trades in omnibus accounts are often not disclosed to Vanguard, making it difficult to determine whether a particular shareholder is engaging in excessive trading. In limited circumstances, Vanguard may allow for a custom frequent trading policy arrangement for omnibus accounts at certain intermediaries. Vanguard generally conducts oversight of trading activity at the omnibus account level in an effort to identify potentially disruptive transactions. A fund may request transaction information, as frequently as daily, from any intermediary at any time, and may apply a fund's policy trading restriction to a fund account where a trade exceeds policy thresholds. Each fund reserves the right to prohibit the purchase of its shares by any intermediary or by certain clients of the intermediary. There is no assurance that Vanguard will request data frequently enough to effectively detect or deter excessive trading in omnibus accounts.

Clients investing in Vanguard funds through an intermediary are encouraged to read and understand the intermediary's frequent trading policy requirements as they may differ from Vanguard's Frequent Trading Policy.

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February 27, 2026

# Prospectus

## Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund

**Admiral™ Shares**

Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund Admiral Shares (VADGX)

This Prospectus contains financial data for the Fund through the fiscal year ended October 31, 2025.

**The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

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# Fund Summary

## Investment Objective

Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund (the "Fund") seeks to provide, primarily, a growing stream of income over time and, secondarily, long-term capital appreciation and current income.

## Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.**

**Shareholder Fees**
(Fees paid directly from your investment)

| | |
|---|---|
| Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases | None |
| Purchase Fee | None |
| Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends | None |
| Redemption Fee | None |
| Account Service Fee Per Year<br>(for certain fund account balances below $5,000,000) | $25 |

**Annual Fund Operating Expenses**
(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

| | |
|---|---|
| Management Fees | 0.34% |
| 12b-1 Distribution Fee | None |
| Other Expenses | 0.02% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses | 0.36% |

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The example assumes that you invest $10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same.

| 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years | 10 Years |
|---|---|---|---|
| $37 | $116 | $202 | $456 |

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 44% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund employs an active management approach, investing primarily in stocks that tend to offer current dividends. The Fund focuses on high-quality companies that have prospects for long-term total returns as a result of their ability to grow earnings and their willingness to increase dividends over time. These securities typically (but not always) will be large-cap, undervalued relative to the market, and will show potential for increasing dividends. The Fund seeks to invest broadly across industry sectors. Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in dividend paying securities.

The Fund is considered nondiversified, as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which means that it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of particular issuers as compared with diversified funds.

## Principal Risks

As with any investment, an investment in the Fund could lose money over any time period. The Fund's share price and total return may fluctuate, potentially within a wide range. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are summarized below. Each of the following risks could affect the Fund's performance:

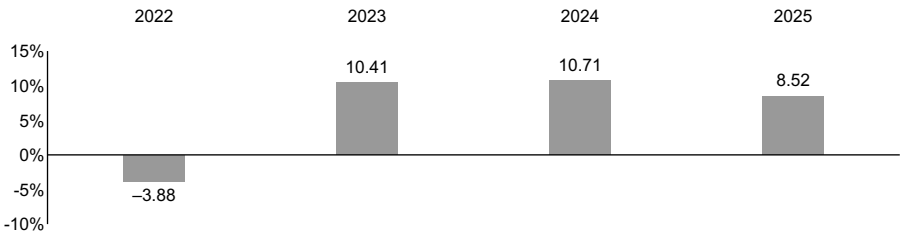
- ***General Market Risk.*** The markets in which the Fund invests can be affected by a variety of factors. These factors, which can be real or perceived, may include economic, market, political, and regulatory conditions and developments as well as local, regional, or global events such as wars, military conflicts, natural disasters, and public health issues. In addition, investor sentiment and expectations regarding these factors can also impact the markets. Different parts of the market, including different industries and sectors as well as different types of securities, may react differently to factors that affect the market. These factors can contribute to market uncertainty, market volatility, and fluctuations in the value of the Fund's investments, thereby resulting in potential losses to the Fund over short or long periods.
- ***Investing in Equity Markets.*** The Fund invests in the equity markets. Equity markets have historically been cyclical, having periods of time when stock values rise and fall. Market volatility can lead to significant fluctuations in stock values, resulting in potential losses to the Fund.
- ***Market Capitalization (Market Cap).*** Companies are generally classified into three types of market cap depending on their size: small-, mid-, and large-cap. Companies can be further classified into micro- or mega-cap. Different factors can affect each market cap uniquely, and historically small- and mid-cap stocks have typically been more volatile due to the effects of changing economic conditions. Large companies may not reach the same levels of growth or performance as smaller companies, and they may be slower to react to competitive challenges. The performance of funds that invest in a subset of market caps could diverge from the performance of a fund that is focused on a broader representation of the stock market.
- ***Dividend Investing.*** The Fund's emphasis on dividend-paying stocks could cause the Fund to underperform other funds that invest without consideration of a company's track record of paying dividends.
- ***Active Management.*** The Fund is actively managed. The advisor's security selection and/or strategy execution could cause the Fund to underperform relevant securities markets or other funds with a similar investment objective.
- ***Nondiversified Funds.*** The Fund is considered a nondiversified fund as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Nondiversified funds invest a greater percentage of their assets in a small number of issuers than diversified funds, their performance may be negatively impacted by relatively few securities or even a single security, and their shares may experience significant fluctuations in value.

**An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.**

## Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table show the Fund's historical performance and are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund's share class compare with those of a broad-based securities market index and one or more additional indexes with similar investment characteristics as the Fund. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at *vanguard.com/performance*.

**Annual Total Returns — Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund Admiral Shares**




During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

| | Total Return | Quarter |
|---|---|---|
| Highest | 13.69% | December 31, 2022 |
| Lowest | -8.02% | June 30, 2022 |

**Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2025**

| | 1 Year | Since Fund Inception | Fund Inception Date |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund Admiral Shares** | | | **11/09/2021** |
| Return Before Taxes | 8.52% | 6.96% | |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions | 8.25 | 6.62 | |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares | 5.23 | 5.38 | |
| **S&P U.S. Dividend Growers Index** (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) | 14.24% | 8.96% | |
| **Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Float Adjusted Index** (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) | 17.05 | 9.80 | |

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

## Investment Advisor

Wellington Management Company LLP (Wellington Management)

Portfolio Manager

Peter C. Fisher, Senior Managing Director and Equity Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has co-managed the Fund since 2024 (managed since December 2025).

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Admiral Shares of the Fund are generally only available to clients enrolled in certain Vanguard advice programs. Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them. You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website *(vanguard.com)*, by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). There is no minimum investment amount required to open a Fund account for Admiral Shares. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally $1.

**Tax Information**
The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gains. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply. You should consult your own tax advisor with respect to any particular U.S. or non-U.S. tax consequences of your investment in the Fund.

**Payments to Financial Intermediaries**
The Fund and its advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

# More on the Fund

This Prospectus provides information about Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund, a series of Vanguard Whitehall Funds (the "Trust"). Reading this Prospectus will help you decide whether the Fund is the right investment for you.

As you consider an investment in the Fund, you should take into account your tolerance for fluctuations in the securities markets. The costs of investing are another important consideration. As a Fund shareholder, you will pay a proportionate share of the costs of operating the Fund and any transaction costs incurred when the Fund buys or sells securities, including costs generated by shareholders of other share classes to the extent the Fund offers more than one share class. These costs can erode a substantial portion of the gross income or the capital appreciation the Fund achieves. Even seemingly small differences can, over time, have a dramatic effect on the Fund's performance.

## Investment Objective and More on Principal Investment Strategies

In this section, you will find more information about the Fund's investment objective and the principal investment strategies and policies that the Fund uses in pursuit of its investment objective. The Trust's board of trustees (the "Board") oversees the Fund's management. The Board may approve changes to the Fund's strategies or policies in the interest of shareholders without shareholder approval unless the strategy or policy is designated as fundamental.

### *Investment Objective*

The Fund seeks to provide, primarily, a growing stream of income over time and, secondarily, long-term capital appreciation and current income.

The Fund's investment objective is not fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval.

### *Implementation of Investment Objective*

The Fund's advisor seeks to achieve the Fund's investment objective by investing predominantly in dividend-paying large-cap stocks that offer the potential for attractive dividend and earnings growth over the long term.

### What is Active Management?

Actively managed funds typically seek to exceed the average returns of a particular financial market or market segment. The Fund's advisor will select securities to buy and sell based on the advisor's judgments about companies and their financial prospects, the prices of the securities, and the markets and the economy in general. In selecting securities, an advisor may rely on, among other things, research, market forecasts, quantitative models, and their own judgment and experience.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in dividend paying securities. Investments in derivatives may be counted toward the Fund's 80% policy to the extent that they provide investment exposure to the securities included within the policy or to one or more market risk factors associated with such securities.

The Fund is considered nondiversified, as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which means that it may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of particular issuers as compared with diversified funds. A fund becomes nondiversified if, with respect to 75% of its total assets, the fund: (1) purchases more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of any one issuer, or (2) purchases securities of any issuer when, as a result, more than 5% of the fund's total assets are invested in that issuer's securities.

***Security Selection***

The Fund's advisor, Wellington Management, selects securities from a diverse group of industries, focusing on companies that have a history of paying a stable or increasing dividend. Stocks of companies that have reduced dividends in the past or are not currently paying dividends may be considered for inclusion in the Fund if the advisor believes that dividend growth is likely to be restored. Securities are selected based on a variety of factors, such as a company's consistent effort to increase dividends over time while maintaining a target of profitability. The advisor is not constrained by a traditional value or growth mandate but is permitted sufficient style latitude to search a broad investment universe for quality stocks with attractive total return potential.

Stocks of publicly traded companies are often classified according to market capitalization, which is the market value of a company's outstanding shares. These classifications typically include small-cap, mid-cap, and large-cap. It is important to understand that there is no "official" definition of each type of small-cap, mid-cap, or large-cap and that market capitalization ranges can change over time.

A fund's median market capitalization, which is the midpoint of the market capitalization of the fund's stocks weighted by the proportion of the fund's assets invested in each stock, can be used as an indicator of the size of the companies in which it invests. Stocks representing half of a fund's assets will have market capitalizations above the median, and the rest will fall below it. As of October 31, 2025, the asset-weighted median market capitalization of the Fund's stock holdings was:

| Vanguard Fund | Asset-Weighted Median Market Capitalization |
|---|---|
| Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund | $195 billion |

### *Additional Information Regarding the Fund's Investments*

The Fund's investments are described in more detail below.

- *Dividend Stocks* typically represent companies that prioritize returning a portion of their profits to shareholders through regular dividend payments. Dividends can make a stock more attractive to investors by providing an income stream alongside the potential for capital appreciation.
- *Large-Cap Stocks* represent the largest publicly traded companies, which are often well-established and widely recognized. These companies typically have significant market share, global reach, and a history of financial stability. While they may not offer as much growth potential as smaller companies, they are generally considered more resilient during economic downturns but still not immune from a decrease in price.

## More on Fund Risks

Investing in the securities markets can result in a loss of principal. The Fund is subject to a variety of risks, including the principal risks listed below, that can impact its net asset value (NAV), performance, and ability to achieve its investment objective.

### *More on Principal Risks*

**General Market Risk.** The markets in which the Fund invests can be affected by a variety of factors. These factors, which can be real or perceived, may include economic, market, political, and regulatory conditions and developments as well as local, regional, or global events such as wars, military conflicts, natural disasters, and public health issues. In addition, investor sentiment and expectations regarding these factors can also impact the markets. Different parts of the market, including different industries and sectors as well as different types of securities, may react differently to factors that affect

the market. These factors can contribute to market uncertainty, market volatility, and fluctuations in the value of the Fund's investments, thereby resulting in potential losses to the Fund over short or long periods.

**Investing in Equity Markets.** The Fund invests in the equity markets. Equity markets have historically been cyclical, having periods of time when stock values rise and fall. These periods of rising and falling values can occur for unpredictable timeframes over the short and long term. Market volatility also is unpredictable and can lead to significant fluctuations in stock values, resulting in potential losses to the Fund.

**Market Capitalization (Market Cap) — Large-Cap Companies.** Large-cap companies are typically more well-established, well-known, and mature companies from an operational perspective than smaller cap companies. Because of this, they may not reach the same levels of growth or performance as smaller cap companies, and they may be slower to react to competitive challenges. The Fund's focus on large-cap companies could affect its performance relative to a fund that is focused on a broader representation of the stock market.

**Dividend Investing.** The Fund's emphasis on dividend-paying stocks could cause the Fund to underperform other funds that invest without consideration of a company's track record of paying dividends. Companies with a history of paying dividends may not reinvest in growth to the same degree as other companies, and a sharp rise in interest rates or economic downturn could cause a company to unexpectedly reduce or eliminate its dividend.

**Active Management.** The Fund is actively managed. Active management permits the advisor to use reasonable discretion on how to invest the assets of the Fund in a manner that helps the advisor achieve the strategy of the Fund. The advisor's security selection and/or strategy execution could cause the Fund to underperform relevant securities markets or other funds with a similar investment objective. All else being equal, actively managed funds can have higher fees and expenses than passively managed funds.

**Nondiversified Funds.** The Fund is considered a nondiversified fund as defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Nondiversified funds invest a greater percentage of their assets in a small number of issuers than diversified funds, their performance may be negatively impacted by relatively few securities or even a single security, and their shares may experience significant fluctuations in value.

### *Additional Risks*

**Geopolitical and Sanctions Risk.** Due to growing dependencies between global economies, geopolitical events can negatively affect all securities, markets, and economies. It is possible that events which only impact one geographic area could have negative short- or long-term effects on markets, issuers, and/or exchanges in the United States and other countries.

At times, the United States, other governments, or other supranational bodies (e.g., the United Nations) may impose sanctions on countries and/or entities in response to geopolitical events or other priorities. Compliance with sanctions could impact the Fund, including the Fund's ability to transact in or obtain exposure to certain foreign securities and assets. Sanctions also could cause significant losses to the Fund's investments and its performance could be negatively impacted. In lieu of sanctions, companies or specific goods that the company produces could be subjected to trade embargoes or tariffs, which can also affect securities markets and create volatility. So long as sanctions do not prohibit investment in the company or issuer, the Fund typically also would not be prohibited from investing in the affected company or issuer.

**Potential Redemption Activity Impacts.** The Vanguard funds can be negatively impacted by certain large redemptions. These redemptions could occur due to a single shareholder or multiple shareholders deciding to sell a large quantity of shares of a fund or a share class of the fund. Large redemptions can occur for many reasons, either as a result of actions taken by the Vanguard funds or their advisors, or as a result of events unrelated to actions taken by the Vanguard funds or their advisors. Actions taken by the Vanguard funds or their advisors could include, but are not limited to, changes to a fund's advisor(s), changes to a fund's portfolio manager(s), changes to the composition of a fund's portfolio, and/or other product changes or launches that, for example, result in shareholders redeeming shares of one fund to purchase shares of another fund or investment vehicle. For a fund of funds, actions taken by the Vanguard funds or their advisors could include a withdrawal from an underlying fund or a change in the allocation to underlying funds. Events unrelated to actions taken by the Vanguard funds or their advisors could include shareholders selling out of a fund in response to market movements or regulatory changes.

A large redemption could adversely affect a fund's liquidity and NAV. For example, a large redemption could require a fund's manager to sell portfolio holdings at unplanned or inopportune times. The manager's sale of these holdings, which is a taxable event, could require the fund to distribute any corresponding capital gains or other taxable income to the fund's remaining shareholders; see *Dividends, Distributions, and Taxes* in the **Investing in Vanguard Funds** section for additional information. The increased trading activity could also increase underlying costs for the fund due to commissions paid by the fund. When large redemptions occur, the Vanguard funds reserve

the right to pay all or part of the redemptions in-kind and/or delay payment of the redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days; see "Methods Used to Meet Redemption Requests" under *Purchase, Redemption, and Exchange of Fund Shares* in the **Investing in Vanguard Funds** section.

**Investing in Derivatives.** Investing in derivatives may present risks different from, and/or greater than, those associated with investing directly in stocks, bonds, or other types of investments. Derivatives could expose the Fund to increased volatility and/or significant loss. Certain derivatives have an inherent leverage component, providing the Fund exposure to a sizable position in an underlying asset with a relatively small upfront investment at the time the Fund enters into the derivatives position. For these derivatives, an adverse change in the value or price of the underlying asset could result in a loss substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself. Some derivatives require the Fund to enter into a contract with a counterparty. If the counterparty is unable or unwilling to fulfill its contractual obligation, the Fund may experience a loss. A liquid market may not always exist for the Fund's derivatives positions. The Fund may be unable to sell or otherwise exit its derivatives position at desired times or prices, which could also result in a loss to the Fund. Some derivatives, particularly OTC derivatives, can be complex and often are valued subjectively. Valuation may be more difficult in times of market turmoil since many investors and market makers may be reluctant to purchase complex instruments or quote prices for them. Improper valuations can result in increased cash payment requirements to counterparties or a loss of value to the Fund.

Derivatives may not perform as intended, which may result in losses to the Fund. For example, derivatives used for hedging or as a substitute for a portfolio instrument may not provide the expected benefits, particularly during adverse market conditions. The use of derivatives is also subject to legal risk, which includes the risk of loss resulting from insufficient or unenforceable contractual documentation, insufficient capacity or authority of the Fund's counterparty, and operational risk, which includes documentation or settlement issues, system failures, inadequate controls, and human error.

**Ownership Limitations Risk.** As the Vanguard funds continue to grow, they may be increasingly impacted by ownership limitations that apply to certain securities held by the Vanguard funds ("limited securities"). An ownership limitation restricts the amount of a security that funds within the same fund complex or funds advised by the same investment advisor can own. These limitations may apply even where an external manager or different affiliate of Vanguard provides investment advisory services to a fund. Ownership limitations restrict the amount that funds can invest in certain securities, due to either regulatory limits that apply to certain industries (for example, banking and utilities) or mechanisms that some issuers have in place to deter takeover attempts (for example, poison pills). These restrictions can have negative

impacts on funds, including the inability of an index fund to track its index, the inability of a fund to meet its investment objectives, negative performance impacts, and unanticipated tax consequences. The impact of a particular ownership limitation on a Vanguard fund will vary based on several factors, including, but not limited to, a fund's investment strategy and its current and desired exposure to limited securities, the industry to which the limitation applies, the country or region of a particular issuer, and the regulatory body imposing the limitation. In addition to the impacts of specific ownership limitations, the Vanguard funds are also subject to the risk of multiple ownership limitations applying at one time, which could increase the likelihood of a fund experiencing the negative impacts listed above. The Vanguard funds attempt to mitigate the impacts of ownership limitations through the various methods discussed below in "Methods to address ownership limitations." However, it is possible that these methods will be unsuccessful and could also expose the Vanguard funds to other potential risks and negative consequences.

*Impacts of Ownership Limitations.* When an ownership limitation applies, the Vanguard funds may need to allocate ownership of impacted securities across impacted Vanguard funds, and a Vanguard fund may not be able to buy additional securities or continue to hold existing securities above its allocated amounts. For index funds, this can result in tracking error if a fund cannot buy or hold the securities it needs in order to replicate or sample its target index. For active funds, this can result in a fund not being able to take advantage of favorable opportunities to invest in securities that are subject to limitations. For both index and active funds, the inability to buy or hold securities could prevent a fund from being able to meet its investment objective or invest in accordance with its investment strategy, and/or could negatively impact the fund's performance. In addition, the steps taken to address ownership limitations could result in additional costs and/or unanticipated tax consequences to a fund that affect the amount, timing, and character of distributions to the fund's shareholders. The more assets the Vanguard funds hold, the more likely it is that ownership limitations will negatively impact Vanguard funds because they will not be able to purchase additional shares of limited securities above their allocated amounts in order to fully invest their assets in accordance with their investment strategies.

*Methods to Address Ownership Limitations.* The Vanguard funds try to manage the negative impacts of these ownership limitations on the Vanguard funds by seeking permission (relief) from regulators and/or issuers to purchase or hold more securities than the amount allowed by ownership limitations. However, it is not always possible to secure relief and such relief could be revoked if the Vanguard funds are unable to satisfy the applicable conditions, or if the regulator or issuer changes its position or policy or if the applicable legal requirements become more restrictive. There is an increasing amount of uncertainty around how much ownership limitations relief regulators will grant to asset managers like Vanguard. Given this uncertainty, there is no guarantee

that Vanguard or the Vanguard funds will be able to maintain their existing relief or obtain additional relief from ownership limitations in the future. A regulator may impose certain conditions on the Vanguard funds in connection with granting relief from an ownership limitation, including, for example, that the funds vote in a certain way with respect to shares of the limited security that the Vanguard funds hold in excess of the ownership limitation. Regulatory relief may also depend on the operational independence of certain Vanguard subsidiaries and/or business divisions.

In addition, the relief upon which Vanguard and the Vanguard funds currently rely, which has allowed Vanguard to exceed certain ownership limitations, could be reduced or revoked, forcing the Vanguard funds to sell down one or more securities to comply with the ownership limitations. If a fund has to sell securities, there could be negative impacts to fund performance as well as unanticipated tax consequences that could impact the amount, timing, and character of distributions to the fund's shareholders.

When a Vanguard fund cannot buy or hold securities directly due to ownership limitations, the fund will typically try to get indirect exposure to impacted securities. The fund does this so that it can replicate as closely as possible the returns the fund would get if it directly owned the impacted securities. Indirect exposure can be accomplished through the use of derivatives, such as total return swaps, or by investing in wholly owned subsidiaries that hold the impacted securities. Both of these methods of obtaining indirect exposure increase fund costs, and, depending on the extent to which these alternatives are used by a fund to avoid exceeding ownership limits, the added costs could have a negative impact on the fund's performance. With respect to an index fund, these added costs could also result in tracking error relative to the fund's target index. The risks associated with derivatives use are discussed in more detail elsewhere in this Prospectus.

There is no guarantee that laws and regulations always will allow that indirect exposure to limited securities may be omitted for purposes of determining the Vanguard funds' exposure to limited securities and compliance with the applicable ownership limitations. In such circumstances, the Vanguard funds could not use these techniques and would be required to sell down the indirect and/or direct holdings in the applicable limited securities.

## Other Investment Policies

In addition to employing its principal investment strategies, the Fund may use the following other investment strategies and types of investments in order to achieve its investment objective.

### *Foreign Securities*
The Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities, which may include depositary receipts. Foreign securities may be traded on U.S. or foreign markets.

### *Other Types of Investments*
The Fund may invest in derivatives such as total return swaps, equity futures, foreign currency exchange forward contracts, or other derivatives. In general, a derivative is a financial contract whose value is based on the value of a financial asset (such as a stock, a bond, or a currency), a physical asset (such as gold, oil, or wheat), a market index, or a reference rate. The Fund may use derivatives to obtain exposure to a stock, a basket of stocks, or an index. Derivatives may also be used as an alternate means to obtain economic exposure if the Fund is required to limit its investment in a particular issuer or industry. The Fund will not use derivatives for speculation or for the purpose of leveraging (magnifying) investment returns.

A foreign currency exchange forward contract is an agreement to buy or sell a currency at a specific price on a specific date, usually 30, 60, or 90 days in the future. In other words, the contract guarantees an exchange rate on a given date. Advisors of funds that invest in foreign securities can use these contracts to guard against unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. These contracts, however, would not prevent the Fund's securities from falling in value as a result of risks other than unfavorable currency exchange movements.

### *Cash Management*
The Fund's daily cash balance may be invested in one or more Vanguard CMT Funds, which are used as cash management vehicles for the Vanguard funds. When investing in a CMT Fund, the Fund bears its proportionate share of the expenses of the CMT Fund in which it invests. Vanguard receives no additional revenue from Fund assets invested in a CMT Fund.

### *Temporary Defensive Measures*
The Fund may temporarily depart from its normal investment policies and strategies when the advisor believes that doing so is in the Fund's best interest, so long as the strategy or policy employed is consistent with the Fund's investment objective. For instance, the Fund may invest beyond its normal limits in derivatives or exchange-traded funds that are consistent with the Fund's investment objective when those instruments are favorably priced or provide needed liquidity, as might be the case if the Fund is transitioning assets from one advisor to another or receives large cash flows that it cannot prudently invest immediately. The Fund may also invest beyond its normal limits in derivatives as an alternate means to obtain economic exposure if the Fund is required to limit its investment in a particular issuer or industry.

In addition, the Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with its normal investment policies and strategies—for instance, by allocating substantial assets to cash equivalent investments or other less volatile instruments—in response to adverse or unusual market, economic, political, or other conditions. In doing so, the Fund may succeed in avoiding losses but may otherwise fail to achieve its investment objective.

Cash equivalent investments include cash deposits, short-term bank deposits, and money market instruments such as U.S. Treasury bills and notes, bank certificates of deposit (CDs), repurchase agreements, commercial paper, and banker's acceptances.

## Portfolio Holdings

Please consult the Fund's *Statement of Additional Information* or Vanguard's website for a description of the policies and procedures that govern disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings.

## Management and Distribution of the Fund

The Fund is a member of The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard), a family of over 200 funds. All of the funds that are members of Vanguard (other than funds of funds) share in the expenses associated with administrative services and business operations, such as personnel, office space, and equipment.

Vanguard Marketing Corporation provides marketing services to the funds. Although fund shareholders do not pay sales commissions or 12b-1 distribution fees, each fund (other than a fund of funds) or each share class of a fund (in the case of a fund with multiple share classes) pays its allocated share of the Vanguard funds' marketing costs.

### How is Vanguard's Corporate Structure Unique?

Vanguard is owned jointly by the funds it oversees and thus indirectly by the shareholders in those funds. Most other mutual funds are operated by management companies that are owned by third parties—either public or private stockholders—and not by the funds they serve.

***Investment Advisor***

Wellington Management Company LLP, 280 Congress Street, Boston, MA 02210, a Delaware limited liability partnership, is an investment counseling firm that provides investment services to investment companies, employee benefit plans, endowments, foundations, and other institutions. Wellington Management and its predecessor organizations have provided investment

advisory services for over 90 years. Wellington Management is owned by the partners of Wellington Management Group LLP, a Massachusetts limited liability partnership. As of October 31, 2025, Wellington Management and its investment advisory affiliates had investment management authority with respect to approximately $1.3 trillion in client assets. The firm manages the Fund subject to the supervision and oversight of the trustees and officers of the Fund.

The Fund pays the advisor a base fee plus or minus a performance adjustment. The base fee, which is paid quarterly, is a percentage of average daily net assets under management during the most recent fiscal quarter. The base fee has breakpoints, which means that the percentage declines as assets go up. The performance adjustment, also paid quarterly, is based on the cumulative total return of the Fund relative to that of the S&P U.S. Dividend Growers Index over the preceding 36-month period. When the performance adjustment is positive, the Fund's expenses increase; when it is negative, expenses decrease.

For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2025, the advisory fee represented an effective annual rate of 0.23% of the Fund's average net assets before a performance-based decrease of 0.08%.

Under the terms of an SEC exemption, the Board may, without prior approval from shareholders, change the terms of an advisory agreement with a third-party investment advisor or hire a new third-party investment advisor—either as a replacement for an existing advisor or as an additional advisor. Any significant change in the Fund's advisory arrangement will be communicated to shareholders in writing. As Vanguard is the Fund's sponsor and overall manager, Vanguard, through its wholly owned subsidiary Vanguard Portfolio Management (VPM), may provide investment advisory services to the Fund under certain circumstances. Vanguard may also recommend to the Board that an advisor be hired, terminated, or replaced or that the terms of an existing advisory agreement be revised. The Fund has filed an application seeking an SEC exemption with respect to investment advisors that are wholly owned subsidiaries of Vanguard. If the exemption is granted, the Fund may rely on the new SEC relief.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Fund's investment advisory arrangement is available in the Fund's Form N-CSR filed with the SEC for the fiscal year ended October 31 and in the applicable Financial Statements and Other Information document available on the Fund's website.

The manager primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund is:

**Peter C. Fisher**, Senior Managing Director and Equity Portfolio Manager of Wellington Management. He has worked in investment management since 2000, has been with Wellington Management since 2005, has managed investment portfolios since 2013, and has co-managed the Fund since 2024 (managed since December 2025). Education: B.A., Davidson College; M.B.A., University of Chicago.

The Fund's *Statement of Additional Information* provides information about the portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts under management, and ownership of shares of the Fund.

# Investing in Vanguard Funds

In this section, you will find information regarding buying and selling Vanguard fund shares. Vanguard reserves the right to change the policies in this section without notice. Please call or visit our website for current information. See **Contacting Vanguard**.

The availability of certain Vanguard fund share classes and/or shareholder services described in this Prospectus will depend on the policies and procedures of the different accounts or investment products through which you hold your Vanguard fund shares. Vanguard fund shares can be held indirectly through financial intermediaries, or through investment products that use the funds as underlying investments such as employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans. In certain circumstances, Vanguard fund shares can be held directly with Vanguard.

If you hold Vanguard fund shares through accounts maintained by a financial intermediary, such as your securities dealer, broker, investment advisor, bank, other financial institution, **including shares held in a brokerage account with Vanguard Brokerage Services®**, or through an investment product such as an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, please consult your financial intermediary to determine which share classes are available to you and to learn about other rules that apply to your accounts. Your financial intermediary may impose rules that differ from, and/or charge a transaction or other fee in addition to, those described in this Prospectus. Please consult your financial intermediary for details. If you hold Vanguard fund shares through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your employee benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how to participate in your plan and how to elect a Vanguard fund as an investment option.

If you hold Vanguard fund shares directly with Vanguard, you should carefully read each topic within this section that pertains to investing directly with Vanguard. Vanguard reserves the right, upon reasonable notice, to discontinue the ability to hold Vanguard fund shares directly with Vanguard for any or all investors and/or to transfer such shares to an affiliate or other financial institution. For more information regarding your account and the shareholder services offered through your account, you may contact Vanguard by phone, by mail, or through our website. See **Contacting Vanguard**.

For Vanguard fund shares held directly with Vanguard, each fund you hold in an account is a separate “fund account.” For example, if you hold three funds in a nonretirement account titled in your own name, two funds in a nonretirement account titled jointly with your spouse, and one fund in an individual retirement account, you have six fund accounts—and this is true even if you hold the same

fund in multiple accounts. Note that each reference to “you” in this Prospectus applies to any one or more registered account owners or persons authorized to transact on your account.

## Share Classes and Converting Shares

***Share Class Overview***
Each Vanguard fund may offer one or more share classes. If a Vanguard fund offers multiple share classes, each share class has the same investment objective, strategies, and policies. However, because different share classes can have different expenses, their investment returns may differ.

The following share classes are offered by the Fund:

- Admiral Shares, which are generally only available to clients enrolled in certain Vanguard advice programs.

There is no minimum investment amount required to open a Fund account for Admiral Shares.

You generally need a minimum of $1 to add to an existing account. Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them.

Investment minimums may differ for certain categories of accounts or investors.

Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to change the eligibility requirements of its share classes, including changing the types of clients who are eligible to purchase each share class, increasing or decreasing the minimum amount required to open, convert shares to, or maintain a fund account, or increasing or decreasing the minimum amount required to add to an existing fund account.

**Accounts Held Through Financial Intermediaries.** If you hold shares through a financial intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), your financial intermediary may have different policies regarding the availability of certain share classes from those described above. You should consult your financial intermediary to consider your options, including your eligibility for the share classes described above.

## Pricing of Fund Shares

When you purchase shares, you pay the share price, also known as the NAV, plus any applicable purchase fee. Your shares are also redeemed at the NAV, minus any applicable redemption fee. The share price for your transaction is the next one calculated after your purchase or redemption order is received in good

order. NAV is typically calculated as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time, on each day that the NYSE is open for business (a business day). In the rare event the NYSE experiences unanticipated disruptions and is unavailable at the close of the trading day, NAVs will be calculated as of the close of regular trading on the Nasdaq (or another alternate exchange if the Nasdaq is unavailable, as determined at Vanguard's discretion), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time. The time selected for NAV calculation in this rare event generally shall also serve as the conclusion of the trading day. On U.S. holidays or other days when the NYSE is closed, the NAV is not calculated, and the Vanguard funds do not sell or redeem shares. However, on those days the value of a fund's assets may be affected to the extent that the fund holds securities that change in value on those days (such as foreign securities that trade on foreign markets that are open).

If a fund only has one share class, the NAV per share is computed by dividing the total assets, minus liabilities, of a fund by the number of fund shares outstanding. If a fund has more than one share class, each share class has its own NAV, which is computed by dividing the total assets, minus liabilities, allocated to the share class by the number of fund shares outstanding for that class. The value of securities and other investments held by the Vanguard funds is determined pursuant to the valuation policies and procedures adopted by the Vanguard funds' boards of trustees. Vanguard has been designated as the valuation designee for the Vanguard funds pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, subject to oversight by the Vanguard funds' boards of trustees.

Securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at their market value, based on quotations provided by independent third-party pricing sources. Such securities are generally valued at their official closing price, the last reported sales price, or if there were no sales that day, the mean between the closing bid and asking prices, from the principal exchange or market on which they are traded. A fund's investments in any mutual fund shares, including institutional money market fund shares, are valued at the NAVs of the mutual fund shares. A fund's investments in any ETF shares or closed-end fund shares are valued at the market value of those shares.

When the market quotations are not readily available or do not accurately reflect the value of a security or other investment, such security or other investment is priced at fair value, generally based on information provided by independent third-party pricing services, in accordance with the valuation policies and procedures adopted by the Vanguard funds' boards of trustees. Fair value represents a good faith determination of the value of a fund's investments. The fair value of a security or other investment is the amount that the owner might reasonably expect to receive upon the current sale of the security or other investment. Fair-value pricing may require subjective determinations. It is possible that the price determined through fair-value pricing

may differ from the price quoted or published by other sources and may not be the price at which those investments could have been sold during the period in which the fair value was used.

Fair-value pricing may be used in a variety of circumstances. For example, it may be used if the value of a security or other investment has been materially affected by events occurring after the close of the principal exchange or market on which the security is traded but before the funds' NAV is calculated. These events might be company-specific (e.g., earnings report, merger announcement), country-specific (e.g., significant price movements in U.S. or a foreign market), or regional/global events (e.g., natural disaster, economic or political news, interest rate change, act of terrorism). These events could affect a single security or a large number of securities in a particular market, and it most commonly occurs with foreign portfolio holdings because many foreign markets operate at times that do not coincide with those of the major U.S. markets. Events that could affect the value of the foreign portfolio holdings may occur between the close of the foreign market and the time a fund's NAV is calculated. The values of any foreign securities held by a fund are converted into U.S. dollars using an exchange rate obtained from an independent third party as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE.

In addition, fair-value pricing may be used if trading in a security is halted and does not resume before a fund's pricing time, a security does not trade in the course of a day and a fund holds enough of the security that its price could affect the NAV, or if the trading market on which a security is listed is suspended or closed and no appropriate alternative trading market is available.

Fixed income securities are generally valued based on information furnished by independent pricing services and are priced at fair value. Pricing services may use matrix pricing or valuation models that utilize certain inputs and assumptions to derive values. Pricing services generally value fixed income securities assuming orderly transactions of an institutional round lot size, but a fund may hold or transact in such securities in smaller odd lot sizes. Odd lots may trade at lower prices than institutional round lots.

Failures by third-party pricing services to carry out their obligations to the Vanguard funds (e.g., any errors in the data provided by third-party pricing services) could result in delays in the calculation of the funds' NAVs and/or the inability to calculate the NAVs over extended time periods. The funds may be unable to recover any losses associated with such failures.

Vanguard fund share prices are published daily on our website.

## Purchase, Redemption, and Exchange of Fund Shares

### *How to Purchase, Redeem, and Exchange Shares*

If you hold Vanguard fund shares through a financial intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), you should contact your financial intermediary to purchase, redeem, or exchange shares. Depending on the policies and procedures of your financial intermediary, the procedures and rules by which you open an account and/or purchase, redeem, and exchange shares may differ from the procedures and rules discussed below.

If you hold shares directly with Vanguard, please see the information below regarding purchasing, redeeming, and exchanging your shares.

**How to Initiate a Purchase, Redemption, or Exchange Request**

- ***Online or by telephone*.** You may open certain types of accounts, request a purchase, redemption, or exchange of your shares online through our website (if you are registered for online access), or by calling Vanguard. See **Contacting Vanguard**.
- ***By Mail*.** You may also send Vanguard your account registration form and check to open certain types of accounts. To add to an existing account, you may send your check with a purchase form. You may also send a form (available online) to Vanguard by mail to redeem from a fund account.

**How to Pay for a Purchase**

- ***By electronic bank transfer***. You may purchase shares of a Vanguard fund through an electronic transfer of money from a bank account. To establish the electronic bank transfer service on a Vanguard account, you must designate the bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form. After the service is set up on your account, you can purchase shares by electronic bank transfer on a regular schedule (Automatic Investment Plan), if eligible, or upon request.
- ***By wire*.** Wiring instructions vary for different types of purchases. Please call Vanguard for instructions and policies on purchasing shares by wire. See **Contacting Vanguard**.
- ***By check*.** You may make initial or additional purchases to your fund account by sending a check with a purchase form. Make your check payable to Vanguard and include the appropriate fund number (e.g., Vanguard—XX). For a list of Fund numbers (for share classes in this Prospectus), see **Additional Information**. All purchase checks must be written in U.S. dollars, drawn on a U.S. bank, and accompanied by good order instructions. Vanguard does not accept cash, traveler's checks,

starter checks, or money orders. In addition, Vanguard may refuse checks that are not made payable to Vanguard.

- ***By exchange.*** You may purchase shares of a Vanguard fund using the proceeds from the simultaneous redemption of shares of another Vanguard fund.

**How to Receive Redemption Proceeds**

- ***By electronic bank transfer***. You may have the proceeds of a fund redemption sent directly to a designated bank account. To establish the electronic bank transfer service on a Vanguard account, you must designate a bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form. After the service is set up on your account, you can redeem shares by electronic bank transfer on a regular schedule (Automatic Withdrawal Plan), if eligible, or upon request.
- ***By wire.*** To receive your proceeds by wire, you may instruct Vanguard to wire your redemption proceeds ($100 minimum) to a previously designated bank account. To establish the wire redemption service, you generally must designate a bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form.
- ***By exchange.*** You may have the proceeds of a Vanguard fund redemption invested directly in shares of another Vanguard fund.
- ***By check.*** You may have the proceeds of a fund redemption sent via check directly to you at the mailing address you have on file.

  At your request, we can make your redemption check payable, or wire your redemption proceeds, to a different person or send it to a different address. However, this generally requires the written consent of all registered account owners and may require additional documentation, such as a signature guarantee or a notarized signature. You may obtain a signature guarantee from some commercial or savings banks, credit unions, trust companies, or member firms of a U.S. stock exchange.

### *Other Rules You Should Know*

**Responsibility for Fraud.** You should take precautions to protect yourself from fraud. Keep your account-related information private, and review any account confirmations, statements, or other information that we provide to you as soon as you receive them. Let us know immediately if you discover unauthorized activity or see something on your account that you do not understand or that looks unusual. Vanguard will not be responsible for losses that result from transactions by a person who we reasonably believe is authorized to act on your account.

**Account Service Fee**. Vanguard may charge a $25 account service fee on fund accounts that have a balance below $5,000,000 for any reason, including market fluctuation. The account service fee may be applied to both retirement and nonretirement fund accounts and may be assessed on fund accounts in all Vanguard funds, regardless of the account minimum. The fee, which will be collected by redeeming fund shares in the amount of $25, will be deducted from fund accounts subject to the fee once per calendar year. Certain account types have alternative fee structures, including SIMPLE IRAs, Vanguard Retirement Investment Program pooled plans, and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans.

**Wire Fee.** Please note that Vanguard charges a $10 wire fee for outgoing wire redemptions. The fee is assessed in addition to, rather than being withheld from, redemption proceeds and is paid directly to the fund in which you invest. For example, if you redeem $100 via a wire, you will receive the full $100, and the $10 fee will be assessed to your fund account through an additional redemption of fund shares. If you redeem your entire fund account, your redemption proceeds will be reduced by the amount of the fee. The wire fee may not apply to certain types of accounts. Please call or visit our website for more information on how the wire fee is charged.

**No Cancellation.** Vanguard will not accept your request to cancel any purchase, redemption or exchange request once processing has begun, so please be careful when placing a transaction request.

**New Accounts.** We are required by law to obtain from you certain personal information that we will use to verify your identity. If you do not provide the information, we may not be able to open your account. If we are unable to verify your identity, Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to close your account or take such other steps as we deem reasonable. Certain types of accounts may require additional documentation.

**Vanguard.com Registration.** If you are a registered user of *vanguard.com*, you can review your account holdings; purchase, redeem, or exchange shares of most Vanguard funds; and perform most other transactions through our website. You must register for this service online.

**Proof of a Caller's Authority.** We reserve the right to refuse a telephone request if the caller is unable to provide the requested information or if we reasonably believe that the caller is not an individual authorized to act on the account. Before we allow a caller to act on an account, we may request the following information:

- Authorization to act on the account (as the account owner or by legal documentation or other means).
- Account registration and address.
- Fund name and account number, if applicable.
- Other information relating to the caller, the account owner, or the account.

**Unusual Circumstances.** If you experience difficulty contacting Vanguard online or by telephone, you can send us your transaction request on a Vanguard form by regular or express mail.

**Documentation for Certain Accounts.** Special documentation may be required to redeem from certain types of accounts, such as trust, corporate, nonprofit, or retirement accounts. Please call us before attempting to redeem from these types of accounts.

**Recently Purchased Shares.** Although you can redeem shares at any time, proceeds may not be made available to you until the fund collects payment for your purchase. This may take up to seven calendar days for shares purchased by check or by electronic bank transfer. If you have written a check on a fund in an account with checkwriting privileges, that check may be rejected if your fund account does not have a sufficient available balance.

**Address Change.** If you change your address online or by telephone, there may be up to a 14-day restriction (starting on the business day after your address is changed) on your ability to request check redemptions online and by telephone. You can request a redemption in writing (using a form available online) at any time. Confirmations of address changes are sent to both the old and new addresses.

**Future Trade-Date Requests.** Vanguard does not accept requests to hold a purchase, conversion, redemption, or exchange transaction for a future date. All such requests will receive trade dates as described in *Trade Date*. Vanguard reserves the right to return future-dated purchase checks.

**Uncashed Checks.** Please cash your distribution or redemption checks promptly. Vanguard will not pay interest on uncashed checks. Vanguard may be required to transfer assets related to uncashed checks to a state under the state's abandoned property law.

**Invalid Addresses.** If a dividend distribution or capital gains distribution check mailed to your address of record is returned as undeliverable, Vanguard will automatically reinvest the distribution and all future distributions back to the fund from which the distribution occurred until you provide us with a valid mailing address. Reinvestments will receive the NAV calculated on the date of the reinvestment.

**Dormant Accounts.** If your account has no activity in it for a period of time, Vanguard may be required to transfer it to a state under the state's abandoned property law, subject to potential federal or state withholding taxes.

**Accounts with More than One Owner.** If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, Vanguard generally will accept instructions from any one owner or authorized person.

**Share Certificates.** Share certificates are no longer issued for Vanguard funds. Shares currently held in certificates cannot be redeemed, exchanged, converted, or transferred (reregistered) until you return the certificates (unsigned) to Vanguard by registered mail.

### *Additional Information Regarding Redemption of Shares*

**Methods Used to Meet Redemption Requests.** Under normal circumstances, the Vanguard funds typically expect to meet redemptions with positive cash flows. When this is not an option, a fund seeks to maintain its risk exposure by selling a cross section of the fund's holdings to meet redemptions, while also factoring in transaction costs. Additionally, a fund may work with larger clients to implement their redemptions in a manner that is least disruptive to the portfolio.

Under certain circumstances, including under stressed market conditions, there are additional tools that a fund may use in order to meet redemptions, including advancing the settlement of market trades with counterparties to match investor redemption payments or delaying settlement of an investor's transaction to match trade settlement within regulatory requirements. A fund may also suspend payment of redemption proceeds for up to seven days. Additionally under these unusual circumstances, a fund may borrow money (subject to certain regulatory conditions and if available under board-approved procedures) through an interfund lending facility; through a bank line-of-credit, including a joint committed credit facility; or through an uncommitted line-of-credit from Vanguard in order to meet redemption requests.

Although the Vanguard funds typically intend to meet redemption requests in cash, in consideration of the best interests of the funds and their remaining shareholders, the funds reserve the right to pay redemption proceeds wholly or partly in-kind by delivering readily marketable securities held by the funds in lieu of cash in conformity with applicable rules of the SEC and in accordance with procedures adopted by the funds' board of trustees. Redemptions in-kind may be used during both normal and stressed market conditions. For example, a fund may make a redemption in-kind if a cash redemption could negatively affect its operations or performance, as may be the case with large redemption amounts, or in situations where the redeeming shareholder may be engaged in market timing or frequent trading. A fund may delay payment of the redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days.

**Please contact Vanguard before you attempt to redeem a large dollar amount. In doing so, you may avoid in-kind or delayed payment of your redemption.**

**Emergency Circumstances.** The Vanguard funds can postpone payment of redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days. In addition, the Vanguard funds can suspend redemptions and/or postpone payments of redemption proceeds beyond seven calendar days at times when the NYSE is closed or during emergency circumstances or such other periods, as determined by the SEC.

**Timing of Payment of Redemption Proceeds.** If your redemption request is received in good order, we typically expect that redemption proceeds will be paid by the Vanguard fund within one business day of the trade date; however, in certain circumstances, investors may experience a longer settlement period at the time of the transaction. Please see *Methods Used to Meet Redemption Requests* and *Emergency Circumstances* for further information.

If you hold shares directly with Vanguard, the following rules also apply:

- Timing of wire redemptions from money market funds: for telephone requests received by Vanguard on a business day before 10:45 a.m., Eastern time (2 p.m., Eastern time, for Vanguard Cash Reserves Federal Money Market Fund; 12:30 p.m., Eastern time, for Vanguard Federal Money Market Fund), the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business the same day. For telephone requests received by Vanguard on a business day after those cut-off times, or on a nonbusiness day, and for all requests other than by telephone, the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the next business day.
- Timing of wire redemptions from all other funds: for requests received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the next business day. For requests received by Vanguard on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the second business day after Vanguard receives the request.
- If your redemption request is not in good order, it may be rejected. If we are unable to send your redemption proceeds by wire or electronic bank transfer because the receiving institution rejects the transfer, Vanguard will make additional efforts to complete your transaction. If Vanguard is still unable to complete the transaction, we may send the proceeds of the redemption to you by check, generally payable to all registered account owners, or use your proceeds to purchase new shares of the fund from which you sold shares for the purpose of the wire or electronic bank transfer transaction.

### *Good Order*

Vanguard funds reserve the right to reject any transaction instructions that are not in "good order." Good order generally means that your instructions:

- Are provided by the person(s) authorized in accordance with Vanguard's policies and procedures to access the account and request transactions.
- Include the fund name and account number.
- Include the amount of the transaction (stated in dollars, shares, or percentage).

Written instructions also must generally be provided on a Vanguard form and include:

- Signature(s) and date from the authorized person(s).
- Signature guarantees or notarized signatures, if required for the type of transaction. (Call Vanguard for specific requirements.)
- Any supporting documentation that may be required.

Good order requirements may vary among different types of accounts and transactions. Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to revise the requirements for good order. If you hold shares through a financial intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), please contact your financial intermediary for more details on good order requirements that may apply to you.

### *Trade Date*

If you place your purchase, redemption, or exchange order through a financial intermediary (including through a brokerage account held at Vanguard Brokerage Services®), it is their responsibility to send your order to the Vanguard funds. Your transaction will be executed using the NAV next calculated after the order is received by the Vanguard funds in good order.

The Vanguard funds have authorized certain financial intermediaries and their designees, and may, from time to time, authorize certain funds of funds for which Vanguard serves as the investment advisor (Vanguard Funds of Funds), to accept orders to purchase or redeem fund shares on behalf of the Vanguard funds. In these circumstances, the Vanguard fund will be deemed to receive an order when accepted by the authorized financial intermediary, its designee, or one of the Vanguard Funds of Funds, and the order will be executed using the NAV next calculated after such acceptance.

If you hold shares directly with Vanguard, you may place your transaction request directly with Vanguard. Your transaction request will be executed using the NAV as calculated on the trade date as determined below. The trade date for any transaction request received in good order will depend on the day and

time Vanguard receives your request, the manner in which you are transacting, and the type of fund in which you are transacting. If your transaction request is not in good order, it may be rejected.

**Trade Date for a Purchase Order.** For purchases by check into all funds other than money market funds and for purchases by exchange, wire, or electronic bank transfer into all funds: If the purchase request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date for the purchase will be the same day. If the purchase request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date for the purchase will be the next business day.

For purchases by check into money market funds: If the purchase request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date for the purchase will be the next business day. If the purchase request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date for the purchase will be the second business day following the day Vanguard receives the purchase request. Because money market instruments must be purchased with federal funds and it takes a money market mutual fund one business day to convert check proceeds into federal funds, the trade date for the purchase will be one business day later than for other funds.

**Trade Date for a Redemption, Exchange, or Conversion Order (other than an order to convert to ETF Shares (if available))**. If the transaction is received in good order on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date will generally be the same day. If the transaction is received in good order on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date will generally be the next business day.

***Investing in Vanguard Funds through Employer-Sponsored Plans***
If Vanguard fund shares are an investment option in your employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your employee benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how to participate in your plan and how to elect a fund as an investment option.

Processing times for your transaction requests may differ among recordkeepers or among transaction and funding types. Your plan's recordkeeper (which may also be Vanguard) will determine the necessary processing time frames for your transaction requests prior to submission to a fund. Consult your recordkeeper or plan administrator for more information.

If Vanguard is serving as your plan recordkeeper and if your transaction involves one or more investments with an early cut-off time for processing or another trading restriction, your entire transaction will be subject to the restriction when the trade date for your transaction is determined.

If you have questions about your account, contact your plan administrator or the organization that provides recordkeeping services for your plan. If you have any questions about the Vanguard funds or Vanguard, including those about a fund's investment objective, strategies, or risks, contact Vanguard Participant Services toll-free at 800-523-1188 or visit our website at *vanguard.com*. Vanguard reserves the right to change its policies without notice to shareholders.

***Shareholder Documents***

When two or more shareholders have the same last name and address, just one summary prospectus (or prospectus) and/or shareholder report may be sent in an attempt to eliminate the unnecessary expense of duplicate mailings. You may request individual prospectuses and reports by contacting our Client Services Department in writing, by telephone, or online. See **Contacting Vanguard**.

**Confirmation Statements.** If you hold shares directly with Vanguard, we will send (or provide through our website, whichever you prefer) a confirmation of your trade date and the amount of your transaction when you purchase, redeem, exchange, or convert shares. However, we will not send confirmations reflecting only checkwriting redemptions or the reinvestment of dividend or capital gains distributions. For any month in which you had a checkwriting redemption, a Checkwriting Activity Statement will be sent to you itemizing the checkwriting redemptions for that month. Promptly review each confirmation statement that we provide to you. It is important that you contact Vanguard immediately with any questions you may have about any transaction reflected on a confirmation statement, or Vanguard will consider the transaction properly processed.

If you hold shares through a financial intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), your financial intermediary will provide you with confirmation statements. Please contact your financial intermediary for details.

**Portfolio Summaries.** If you hold shares directly with Vanguard, we will send (or provide through our website, whichever you prefer) quarterly portfolio summaries to help you keep track of your accounts throughout the year. Each summary shows the market value of your account at the close of the statement period, as well as all distributions, purchases, redemptions, exchanges, transfers, and conversions for the current calendar quarter (or month). Promptly review each summary that we provide to you. It is important that you contact

Vanguard immediately with any questions you may have about any transaction reflected on the summary, or Vanguard will consider the transaction properly processed.

**Tax Information Statements.** For most accounts, Vanguard (or your financial intermediary) is required to provide annual tax forms to assist you in preparing your income tax returns. These forms are generally available for each calendar year early in the following year. Registered users of *vanguard.com* can also view certain forms through our website. Vanguard (or your financial intermediary) may also provide you with additional tax-related documentation. For more information, consult our website at *vanguard.com* or see **Contacting Vanguard**.

**Shareholder Reports and Financial Statements.** Additional information about the Funds' investments and performance is available in the Funds' Annual and Semi-Annual Reports. The Funds' financial statements are filed with the SEC on Form N-CSR and available on our website.

**Electronic Delivery.** Vanguard can deliver your account statements, transaction confirmations, prospectuses, certain tax forms, and shareholder reports electronically. If you are a registered user of *vanguard.com*, you can consent to the electronic delivery of these documents by logging on and changing your mailing preferences. You can revoke your electronic consent at any time through our website, and we will begin to send paper copies of these documents within 30 days of receiving your revocation.

If you hold shares through a financial intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), please contact your financial intermediary for electronic access to shareholder documents. Some financial intermediaries may not offer this service.

## Reservation of Rights

In addition to the rights expressly stated elsewhere in this Prospectus, Vanguard reserves the following rights:

**Right to Change Policies.** Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to (1) alter, add, or discontinue any conditions of purchase (including eligibility requirements), redemption, exchange, conversion, service, or privilege at any time and (2) alter, impose, discontinue, or waive any purchase fee, redemption fee, account service fee, or other fee charged to a shareholder or a group of shareholders. Changes may affect any or all investors. These actions will be taken when, at the sole discretion of Vanguard management, Vanguard believes they are in the best interest of a fund.

**Account Restrictions.** Vanguard reserves the right to: (1) redeem all or a portion of a fund/account to meet a legal obligation, including tax withholding, tax lien, garnishment order, or other obligation imposed on your account by a court or government agency; (2) redeem shares, close an account, or suspend account privileges, features, or options in the case of threatening conduct or activity; (3) redeem shares, close an account, or suspend account privileges, features, or options if Vanguard believes or suspects that not doing so could result in a suspicious, fraudulent, or illegal transaction; (4) place restrictions on the ability to redeem any or all shares in an account if it is required to do so by a court or government agency; (5) place restrictions on the ability to redeem any or all shares in an account if Vanguard believes that doing so will prevent fraud, financial exploitation or abuse, or to protect vulnerable investors when permitted by applicable law, regulations, or SEC guidance; (6) freeze any account and/or suspend account services if Vanguard has received reasonable notice of a dispute regarding the assets in an account, including notice of a dispute between the registered or beneficial account owners; and (7) freeze any account and/or suspend account services upon initial notification to Vanguard of the death of an account owner.

**Right to Refuse or Reject Purchase Requests.** Vanguard reserves the right to stop selling fund shares or to reject any purchase request at any time and without notice, including, but not limited to, purchases requested by exchange from another Vanguard fund. This also includes the right to reject any purchase request because the investor has a history of frequent trading or because the purchase may negatively affect a fund's operation or performance (as may be the case with large purchase amounts).

**Please contact Vanguard before you attempt to invest a large dollar amount. In doing so, you may avoid delayed or rejected transactions.**

**Exchange Privilege.** Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to revise or terminate the exchange privilege, limit the amount of any exchange, or reject an exchange, at any time, for any reason.

**Please contact Vanguard before you attempt to exchange a large dollar amount. In doing so, you may avoid delayed or rejected transactions.**

**Account Liquidation.** If an account no longer meets the eligibility requirements for a share class, a fund may, subject to applicable law, liquidate such fund account. Accounts with balances below the minimum amount required to maintain eligibility may be subject to liquidation, including when the decline results from market fluctuations or any other reason. This liquidation policy applies to nonretirement fund accounts and accounts that are held through financial intermediaries. You will be notified before a liquidation occurs.

## Dividends, Distributions, and Taxes

### *Fund Distributions*

The Fund generally distributes to shareholders virtually all of its net income (interest and dividends, less expenses) as well as any net short-term or long-term capital gains realized from the sale of its holdings. The Fund may also make distributions that are treated as a return of capital. Income dividends generally are distributed semiannually in June and December; capital gains distributions, if any, generally occur annually in December. In addition, the Fund may make a supplemental distribution at some other time during the year.

From time to time, Vanguard and/or a fund's board of trustees may adjust a fund's fees and expenses and/or reduce, refund, reimburse, waive, or otherwise return to the funds and their shareholders a portion of prior fees and expenses (collectively, "expense adjustments"). Fund performance and potentially shareholder distributions, will reflect such expense adjustments. If you sell all or part of your investment in a fund before an expense adjustment occurs, then you will not receive the economic benefit, if any, of such expense adjustment. An expense adjustment at any given time does not imply or guarantee that similar or additional expense adjustments will be made in the future.

You can receive distributions of income or capital gains in cash, or you can have them automatically reinvested in more shares of the Fund. However, if you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional Fund shares.

### *Basic Tax Points*

Investors in taxable accounts should be aware of the following basic federal income tax points:

- Distributions are taxable to you whether or not you reinvest these amounts in additional Fund shares.
- Distributions declared and recorded in December—if paid to you by the end of January—are generally taxable as if received in December.
- Any dividend distribution or short-term capital gains distribution that you receive is taxable to you as ordinary income. If you are an individual and meet certain holding-period requirements with respect to your Fund shares, you may be eligible for reduced tax rates on "qualified dividend income," if any, or a special tax deduction on "qualified REIT dividends," if any, distributed by the Fund.
- Any distribution of net long-term capital gains is taxable to you as long-term capital gains, no matter how long you have owned shares in the Fund.
- Capital gains distributions can occur when the Fund sells assets at a gain. Capital gains distributions vary from year to year as a result of the Fund's

investment activities and cash flows, including those due to redemption activity by Fund shareholders.

- Capital gains distributions may occur if Vanguard, the Fund, or its advisor makes changes that would impact the Fund directly or indirectly, including changes to the Fund's portfolio or advisors or changes to any other Vanguard fund or product that would involve the redemption of shares of the Fund and the related sale of the Fund's investments. Such changes could, depending on the timing, result in capital gains distributions in the current fiscal year, subsequent fiscal year, or both.
- Your cost basis in the Fund will be decreased by the amount of any return of capital that you receive. This, in turn, will affect the amount of any capital gain or loss that you realize when selling or exchanging your Fund shares.
- Return of capital distributions generally are not taxable to you until your cost basis has been reduced to zero. If your cost basis is at zero, return of capital distributions will be treated as capital gains.
- A sale or exchange of Fund shares is a taxable event. This means that you may have a capital gain to report as income, or a capital loss to report as a deduction, when you complete your tax return.
- Vanguard (or your intermediary) will send you a statement each year showing the tax status of all of your distributions.
- If you purchase shares before an ex-dividend date when a fund has realized but not yet distributed income or capital gains, the purchase price may include the amount of the upcoming distribution, and you may pay the full price for the shares and later receive a portion of the purchase price back as a taxable distribution. In such case, you generally will be taxed upon receipt of such distribution, even though the distribution effectively represents a return of a portion of your purchase price. This is known as "buying a dividend."

Individuals, trusts, and estates whose income exceeds certain threshold amounts are subject to a 3.8% Medicare contribution tax on "net investment income." Net investment income takes into account distributions paid by the Fund and capital gains from any sale or exchange of Fund shares.

Dividend distributions and capital gains distributions that you receive, as well as your gains or losses from any sale or exchange of Fund shares, may be subject to state and local income taxes.

This Prospectus provides general tax information only. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply. Please consult your own tax advisor for detailed information about any tax consequences for you.

### *General Information*

**Backup Withholding.** By law, Vanguard must withhold 24% of any taxable distributions or redemptions from your account if you do not:

- Provide your correct taxpayer identification number.
- Certify that the taxpayer identification number is correct.
- Confirm that you are not subject to backup withholding.

Similarly, Vanguard (or your intermediary) must withhold taxes from your account if the IRS instructs us to do so.

**Special Notice to Non-U.S. Investors.** The Fund offered for sale in this Prospectus is primarily intended to be made available to U.S. residents and may not be appropriate for investors taxable outside of the United States. Non-U.S. investors should visit the non-U.S. investors page on our website at *global.vanguard.com* for information about Vanguard's non-U.S. products.

Non-U.S. investors should be aware that U.S. withholding and estate taxes and certain U.S. tax reporting requirements under the Internal Revenue Code, as well as any non-U.S. taxes imposed by the investor's relevant tax jurisdiction, may apply to an investment in the Fund. Non-U.S. investors should consult their own tax advisors with respect to any particular U.S. or non-U.S. tax consequences of their investment in the Fund.

## Frequent Trading Limitations

### *Overview*

Some investors may try to profit from strategies involving frequent trading of mutual fund shares (such as market-timing) and other excessive trading practices (together, "frequent trading"). For funds holding foreign securities, investors may try to take advantage of an anticipated difference between the price of the fund's shares and price movements in overseas markets because of different closing times of U.S. and non-U.S. markets, a practice also known as time-zone arbitrage. Some investors may also try to engage in frequent trading of funds holding investments in small-cap stocks and high-yield bonds that are thinly traded. Frequent trading may disrupt portfolio management strategies and increase a fund's costs (such as increased brokerage and administrative costs) for all shareholders including the long-term investors.

Each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) limits frequent trading. The Board has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to detect and discourage frequent trading. Although there is no assurance that Vanguard will be able to detect or prevent frequent trading in all circumstances, the policies and procedures discussed below have been adopted to address these issues.

Each Vanguard fund reserves the right to reject any purchase request—including exchanges from other Vanguard funds—without notice and regardless of size. For example, a purchase request could be rejected because the investor has a history of frequent trading or if Vanguard determines that such purchase may negatively affect a fund's operation or performance. Certain Vanguard funds charge shareholders purchase and/or redemption fees on transactions. Each Vanguard fund (other than retail and government money market funds), in determining its net asset value, will use fair-value pricing when appropriate, as described in *Pricing of Fund Shares*. Fair-value pricing may reduce or eliminate the profitability of certain frequent trading strategies.

***Frequent Trading Policy***

Each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) limits an investor's purchases or exchanges into a fund account for 30 calendar days after the investor has redeemed or exchanged out of that fund account ("Frequent-Trading Limits"). ETF shares are not subject to these Frequent-Trading Limits. For Vanguard Retirement Investment Program pooled plans, the Frequent-Trading Limits apply to exchanges made online or by telephone.

The Frequent-Trading Limits do not apply to the following:

- Purchases of shares with reinvested dividend or capital gains distributions.
- Transactions through Vanguard's Automatic Investment Plan, Automatic Exchange Service, Direct Deposit Service, Automatic Withdrawal Plan, Required Minimum Distribution Service, Vanguard Small Business Online®, and certain transactions through intermediaries relating to systematic trades and required minimum distributions.
- Discretionary transactions through Vanguard Personal Advisor Services®, Vanguard Digital Advisor™, and discretionary (advisor-directed) transactions through certain intermediaries.
- Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees.
- Redemptions of shares to remove excess shareholder contributions to certain types of retirement accounts (including, but not limited to, IRAs, certain Individual 403(b)(7) Custodial Accounts, and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans).
- Transfers and reregistrations of shares within the same fund.
- Purchases of shares by asset transfer or direct rollover.
- Conversions of shares from one share class to another in the same fund.
- Checkwriting redemptions.
- Section 529 college savings plans.

- Certain approved institutional portfolios and asset allocation programs, as well as trades made by funds or trusts managed by Vanguard or its affiliates that invest in other Vanguard funds. (Please note that shareholders of Vanguard's funds of funds are subject to the limitations.)
- Certain transactions below dollar value or other thresholds specified by Vanguard.
- In-kind transfers to a shareholder's donor advised fund managed by Vanguard Charitable.

For participants in employer-sponsored defined contribution plans,* the Frequent-Trading Limits do not apply to:

- Purchases of shares with participant payroll or employer contributions or loan repayments.
- Purchases of shares with reinvested dividend or capital gains distributions.
- Distributions, loans, and in-service withdrawals from a plan.
- Redemptions of shares as part of a plan termination or at the direction of the plan.
- Transactions executed through the Vanguard Managed Account Program.
- Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees.
- Share or asset transfers or rollovers.
- Reregistrations of shares.
- Conversions of shares from one share class to another in the same fund.
- Exchange requests submitted by written request to Vanguard. (Exchange requests submitted by fax, if otherwise permitted, are subject to the limitations.)

*The following Vanguard fund accounts are also subject to the Frequent-Trading Limits: SEP-IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, certain Individual 403(b)(7) Custodial Accounts, and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans.

**Accounts Held by Institutions (Other Than Defined Contribution Plans).** Vanguard will systematically monitor for frequent trading in institutional clients' accounts. If we detect suspicious trading activity, we will investigate and take appropriate action, which may include applying to a client's accounts the 30-day policy previously described, prohibiting a client's purchases of fund shares, and/or revoking the client's exchange privilege.

**Accounts Held by Intermediaries.** When intermediaries establish accounts in Vanguard funds for the benefit of their clients, we cannot always monitor the trading activity of the individual clients. However, we review trading activity at the intermediary (omnibus) level, and if we detect suspicious activity, we will investigate and take appropriate action. If necessary, Vanguard may prohibit additional purchases of fund shares by an intermediary, including for the benefit

of certain of the intermediary's clients. Intermediaries also may monitor their clients' trading activities with respect to Vanguard funds.

For those Vanguard funds that charge purchase and/or redemption fees, intermediaries will be asked to assess these fees on client accounts and remit these fees to the funds. The application of purchase and redemption fees and Frequent-Trading Limits may vary among intermediaries. There are no assurances that Vanguard will successfully identify all intermediaries or that intermediaries will properly assess purchase and redemption fees or administer Frequent-Trading Limits. If you invest with Vanguard through an intermediary, please read that firm's materials carefully to learn of any other rules or fees that may apply.

**Do not invest with Vanguard if you are a market-timer.**

# Financial Highlights

Financial highlights information is intended to help you understand a fund's performance for the past five years (or, if shorter, its period of operations). Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. Total return represents the rate that an investor would have earned or lost each period on an investment in a fund or share class (assuming reinvestment of all distributions). This information has been obtained from the financial statements audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with fund financial statements, is included in a fund's most recent annual Financial Statements and Other Information. You may obtain a free copy of a fund's latest disclosure documents upon request.

**Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund**

| | Year Ended October 31, | | | November 9, 2021[1] to October 31, |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| **Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period** | **$29.63** | **$24.85** | **$24.00** | **$25.00** |
| **Investment Operations** | | | | |
| Net Investment Income[2] | .339 | .390 | .369 | .295 |
| Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments | 1.232 | 4.772 | .763 | (1.187) |
| Total from Investment Operations | 1.571 | 5.162 | 1.132 | (.892) |
| **Distributions** | | | | |
| Dividends from Net Investment Income | (.337) | (.371) | (.273) | (.108) |
| Distributions from Realized Capital Gains | (.214) | (.011) | (.009) | — |
| Total Distributions | (.551) | (.382) | (.282) | (.108) |
| **Net Asset Value, End of Period** | **$30.65** | **$29.63** | **$24.85** | **$24.00** |
| **Total Return[3]** | **5.39%** | **20.91%** | **4.73%** | **-3.56%** |
| **Ratios/Supplemental Data** | | | | |
| Net Assets, End of Period (Millions) | $971 | $822 | $525 | $210 |
| Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets | 0.36%[4] | 0.41%[4] | 0.46%[4] | 0.45%[5] |
| Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets | 1.14% | 1.38% | 1.47% | 1.28%[5] |
| Portfolio Turnover Rate | 44% | 32% | 15% | 20% |

1 Inception.

2 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.

3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.

4 Includes performance-based investment advisory fee increases (decreases) of (0.08%), (0.02%), and 0.02%.

5 Annualized.

# Additional Information

**A Precautionary Note to Investment Companies.** The Fund's Shares are issued by a registered investment company, and therefore the acquisition of such shares by other investment companies and private funds is subject to the restrictions of Section 12(d)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the 1940 Act). SEC Rule 12d1-4 under the 1940 Act permits registered investment companies to invest in other registered investment companies beyond the limits in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain conditions, including that funds with different investment advisors must enter into a fund of funds investment agreement.

**Forum Selection.** The Trust's Bylaws designate Delaware courts as the exclusive forum for certain claims against or related to the Trust, a trustee, an officer, or other employee of the Trust, except that, unless the Trust otherwise consents in writing, the U.S. Federal District Courts are the exclusive forum for the resolution of complaints under the Securities Act of 1933 or the 1940 Act. These provisions may limit a shareholder's ability to bring a claim in a different forum and may result in increased shareholder costs in pursuing such a claim.

**Shareholder Rights.** The Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust, as amended, requires a shareholder bringing a derivative action on behalf of the Trust that is subject to a pre-suit demand to collectively hold at least 10% of the outstanding shares of the Trust or at least 10% of the outstanding shares of the series or class to which the demand relates and to undertake to reimburse the Trust for the expense of any counsel or advisors used when considering the merits of the demand in the event that the board of trustees determines not to bring such action. In each case, these requirements do not apply to claims arising under the federal securities laws to the extent that any such federal securities laws, rules, or regulations do not permit such application. The Trust's Bylaws also provide that shareholders waive the right to trial by jury to the fullest extent permitted by law.

**Joint Committed Credit Facility.** The Fund participates, along with other funds managed by Vanguard, in a committed credit facility provided by a syndicate of lenders pursuant to a credit agreement that may be renewed annually; each Vanguard fund is individually liable for its borrowings, if any, under the credit facility. The amount and terms of the committed credit facility are subject to approval by the Board and renegotiation with the lender syndicate on an annual basis.

**Securities Market Indexes**
Listed below are the broad-based securities market index and one or more additional indexes with similar investment characteristics as the Fund, as referenced in the Fund's Average Annual Total Returns table:

**Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Float Adjusted Index**. An index designed to measure all U.S. equity issues with readily available prices.

**S&P U.S. Dividend Growers Index.** As referenced in the Fund's Average Annual Total Returns table, the S&P U.S. Dividend Growers Index is an index that measures the performance of U.S. companies that have followed a policy of consistently increasing dividends every year for at least 10 consecutive years. The index excludes the top 25% of highest-yielding eligible companies from the index.

| Vanguard Fund | Inception Date | Newspaper Abbreviation | Vanguard Fund Number | CUSIP Number |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund** | 11/9/2021 | VanAdvDivGrAdm | 4435 | 921946752 |

Inception Date means the date on which the assets of a fund (or one of its share classes) are first invested in accordance with the fund's investment objective. For funds with a subscription period, the inception date is the day after that period ends. Investment performance is generally measured from the inception date.

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# Contacting Vanguard

| **Web** | |
|---|---|
| Vanguard.com | For the most complete source of Vanguard news<br>For fund, account, and service information<br>For most account transactions<br>For literature requests<br>24 hours a day, 7 days a week |

| **Phone** | |
|---|---|
| Investor Information 800-662-7447<br>(Text telephone for people with hearing impairment at 800-749-7273) | For fund and service information<br>For literature requests |
| Client Services 800-662-2739<br>(Text telephone for people with hearing impairment at 800-749-7273) | For account information<br>For most account transactions |
| Participant Services 800-523-1188<br>(Text telephone for people with hearing impairment at 800-749-7273) | For information and services for participants in employer-sponsored plans |
| Institutional Division<br>800-523-1036 | For information and services for large institutional investors |
| Financial Advisor and Intermediary Sales Support 800-997-2798 | For information and services for financial intermediaries including financial advisors, broker-dealers, trust institutions, and insurance companies |
| Financial Advisory and Intermediary Trading Support 800-669-0498 | For account information and trading support for financial intermediaries including financial advisors, broker-dealers, trust institutions, and insurance companies |

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Vanguard®

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**For More Information**
If you would like more information about Vanguard Advice Select Dividend Growth Fund, the following documents are available free upon request:

**Annual/Semiannual Reports to Shareholders and Form N-CSR**
Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semiannual reports to shareholders and in Form N-CSR. In the annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Fund's annual and semiannual financial statements.

**Statement of Additional Information (SAI)**
The SAI provides more detailed information about the Fund and is incorporated by reference into (and thus legally a part of) this Prospectus.

To obtain a free copy of the latest annual or semiannual report, financial statements, or the SAI, or to request additional information about the Fund or other Vanguard funds, please visit *https://vgi.vg/fund-literature* or contact us as follows:

*If you are an individual investor:*
Telephone: 800-662-7447; Text telephone for people with hearing impairment: 800-749-7273

*If you are a participant in an employer-sponsored plan*: Telephone: 800-523-1188; Text telephone for people with hearing impairment: 800-749-7273

If you are a current Vanguard shareholder and would like information about your account, account transactions, and/or account statements, please call:

Client Services Department
Telephone: 800-662-2739; Text telephone for people with hearing impairment: 800-749-7273

**Information Provided by the SEC**
Reports and other information about the Fund are available in the EDGAR database on the SEC's website at sec.gov, or you can receive copies of this information, for a fee, by electronic request at the following email address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Fund's Investment Company Act file number: 811-07443

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